The Ecology of the harbour porpoise in the south west

What we know & What we don't know

Developing an accessible story



The IDEA - What do we know? - What don't we know?

Example: Porpoises (it could have been ... sunfish or Manx shearwaters etc)

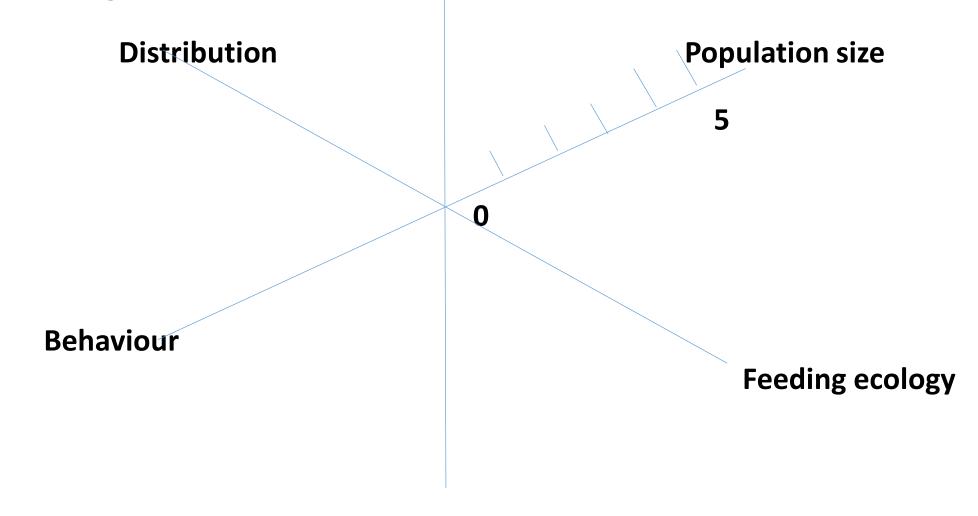
Making the meetings work harder The idea is that we use the collective expertise (resource) in the room and at the meeting and other contacts to develop an accessible narrative that highlights what we know and what more we need to know

Pulling information together A reality is that often our records and observations are made in isolation – geographically – by different methods – this a device for pulling information together in a systematic way (ie not *ad hoc*)

The paper will be developed by a number of authors in an iterative way – and stored in an accessible archive

What we don't know drives innovation and often new studies and methodologies

Example Basking sharks MCS 1990 Seasonal movements (migration)



Interaction with other species

Headings – Draft paper in the Delegate Note – The first version

Description of the species

Methodologies (on shore, near shore – offshore)

Geographic distribution re the south west (Expectations)

Population size (Relative abundance How many? How do the animals we see relate to the wider population?)

Population movements (Migrations? Seasonality)

Breeding ecology (courtship and social interactions)

Feeding ecology and interactions with physical environment (seabed topography and oceanography)

Interaction with other species (Bottlenose dolphins, seals, co-feeding)

Interactions with man

References and links

Geographic distribution South Devon – a contrast to Cornwall

There are no porpoises in the photograph – or none that I saw

In over 50 hours – of sea watching from cliff locations (Bolt Head, Bolt Tail, Prawle Point and Start Point, Berry Head) I've not seen a single porpoise

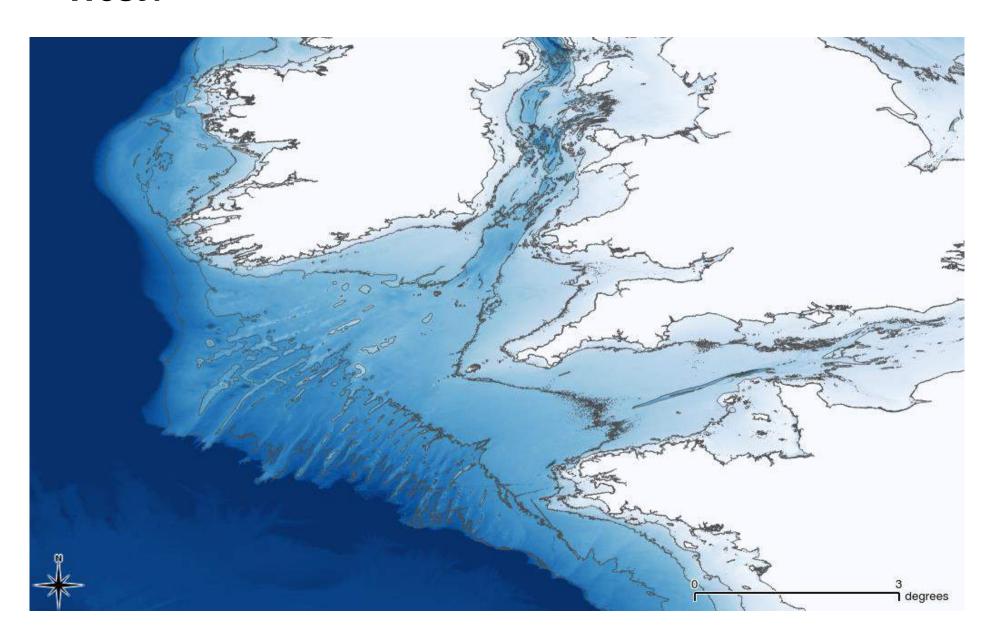
I've seen them with Dave Jenkins 3/3 on the north Devon coast, and off Strumble Head in 2014 saw many, the first within 5 minutes of setting up

Questions: At what point is zero sightings / hour real

If this is a genuine absence – Why? Are they off in Lyme Bay having fun?

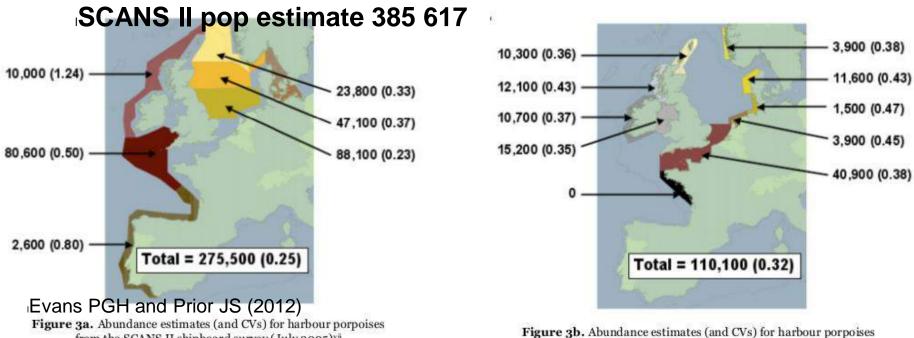
Strandings data from Devon Biological Records centre

What do we mean when we talk about the South West?



World population and how the South West UK population fits

IUCN world pop estimate 700 000 328,200 total UK pop estimate European Environment Agency



from the SCANS II aerial survey (July 2005)xiii

from the SCANS II shipboard survey (July 2005)xii

Management Units

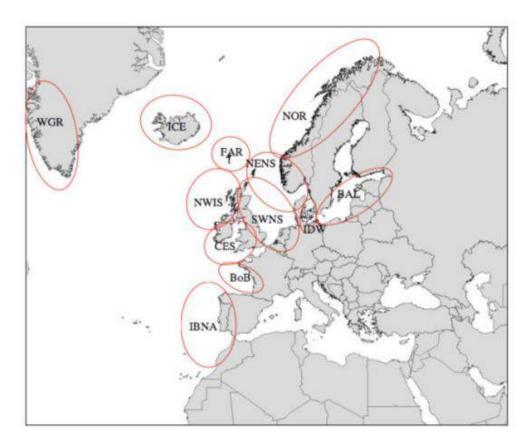
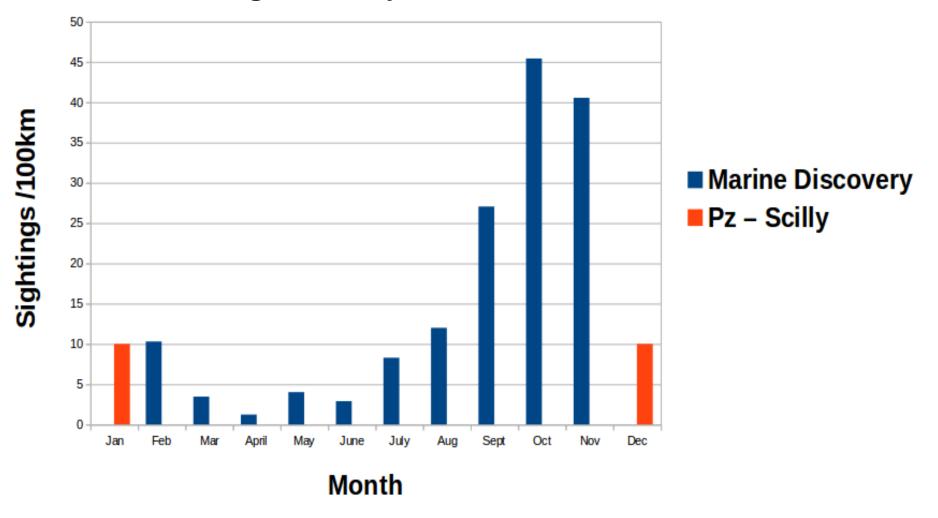


Figure 4. Map showing recommended Management Units for harbour porpoise in the ASCOBANS Agreement Area and Environs**

Evans PGH and Prior JS (2012)

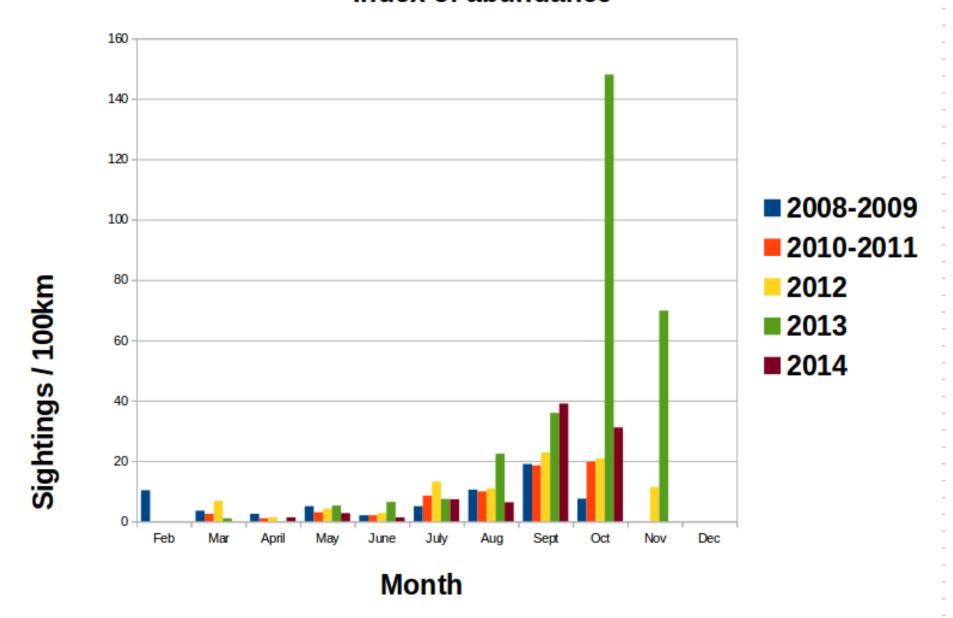
Abundance and seasonal variation in Mount's Bay

Marine Discovery 2008-2014 and Penzance – Scilly surveys 2007 average monthly abundance



Pz – Scilly survey on board Gry Maritha, Surveyor : Marijke de Boer

Index of abundance



Abundance and seasonal variation

Sightings of harbour porpoises during shipboa and aerial surveys during SCANS II in July 2005

Hammond P (2006)

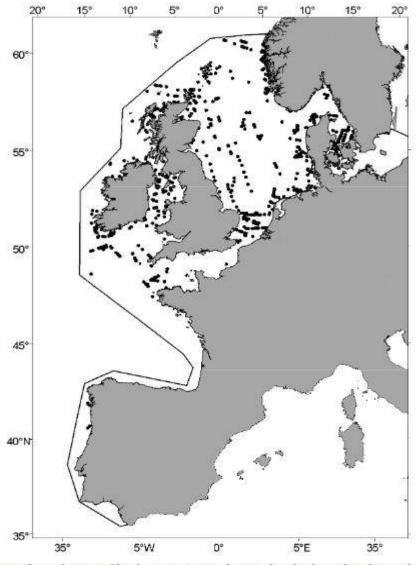
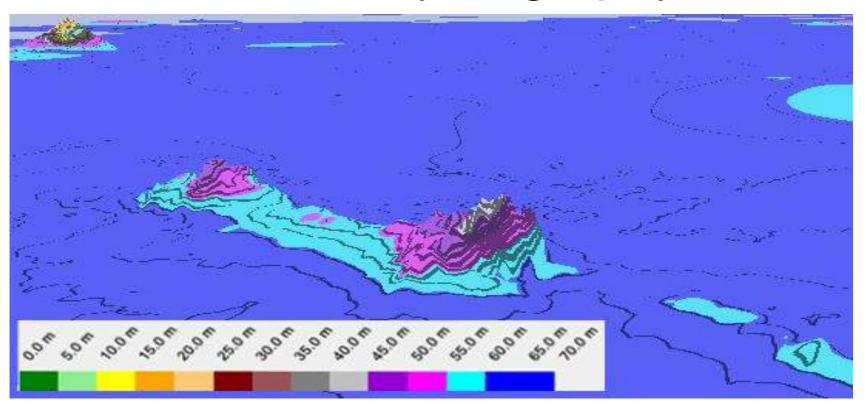
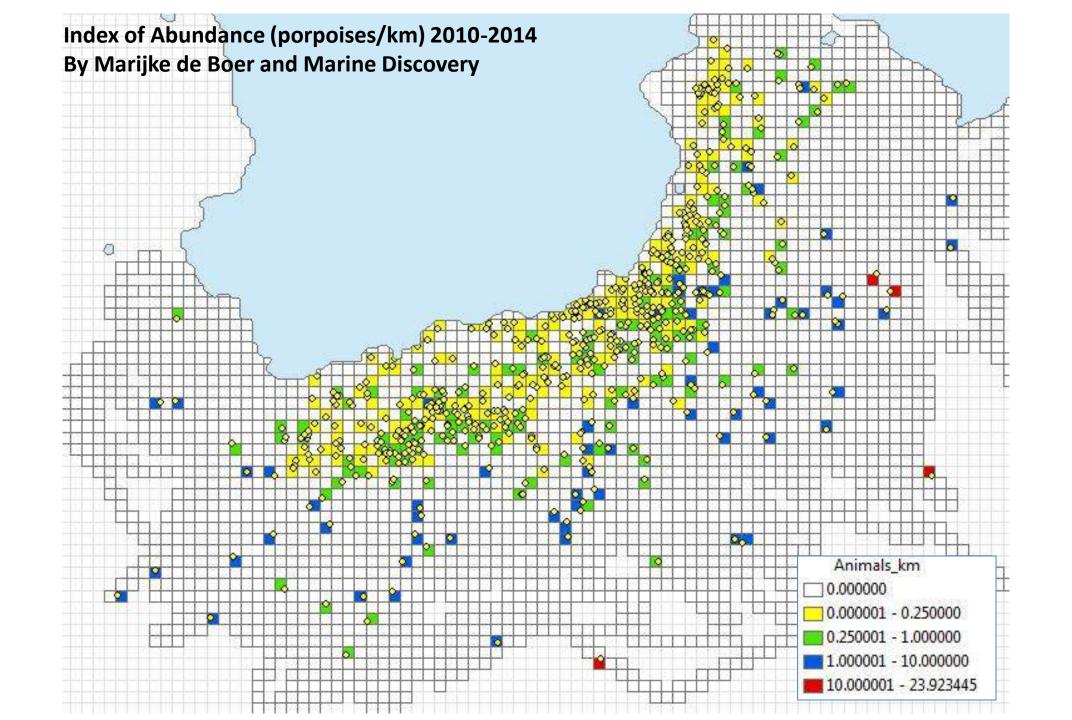


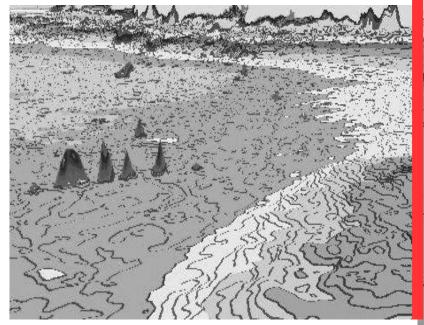
Figure 3: Sightings of harbour porpoise during the shipboard and aerial surveys.

Foraging techniques relating to pod size and hydrography



Underwater pinnacles 'Eric's Patch' key porpoise foraging habitat



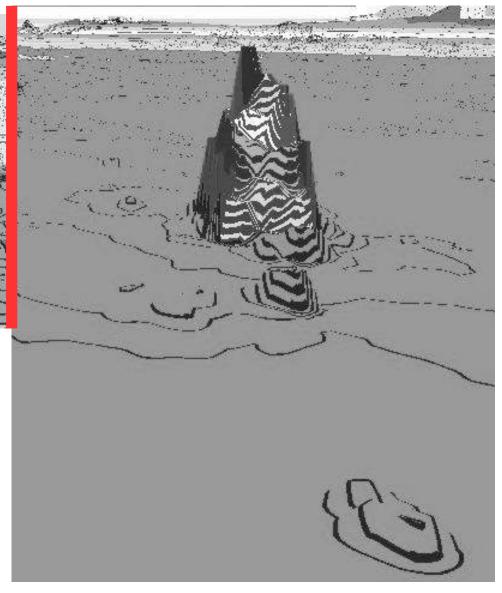


Above : Mulberry Dock – Wreck

Right:

Epson Shoal

40 metre high

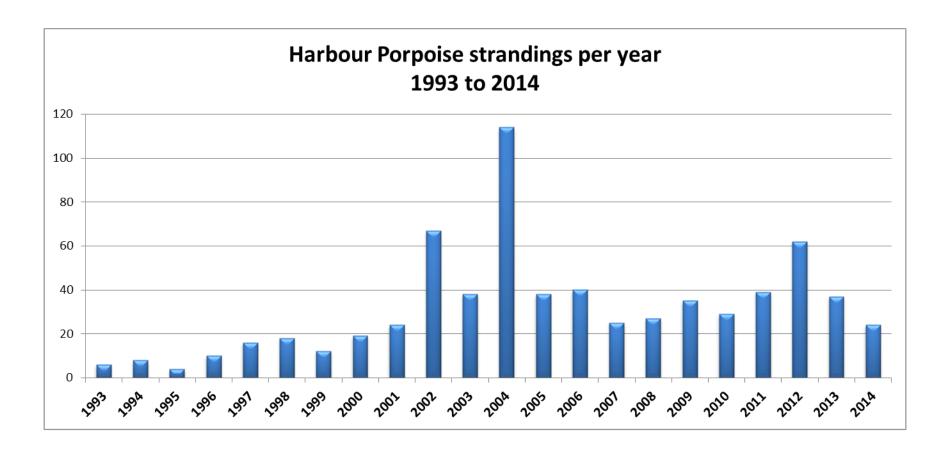


pinnacle

North Devon – Dave Jenkins – the presence of feeding gannets almost always signifies that porpoises are feeding in the inshore reefs - co-feeding

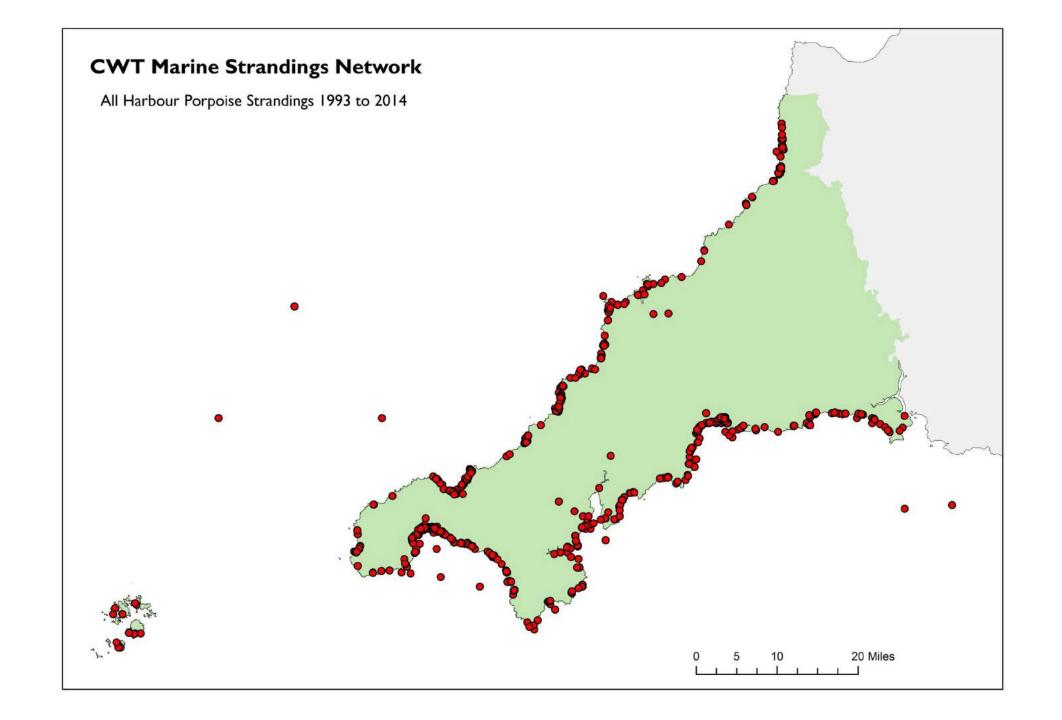


CWT Marine Strandings Network



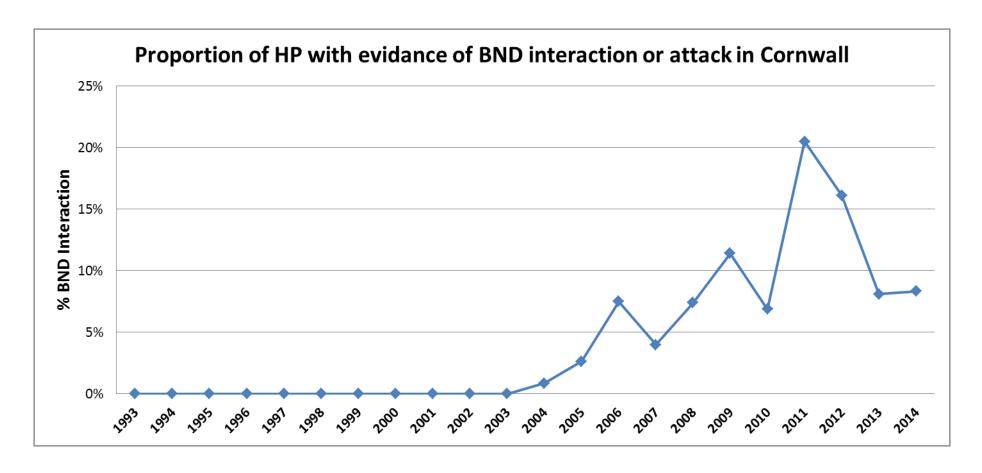
The total number of harbour porpoise dead strandings reported to MSN since it's founding in 1993.

Source: CWT Marine Strandings Network, hosted by ERCCIS

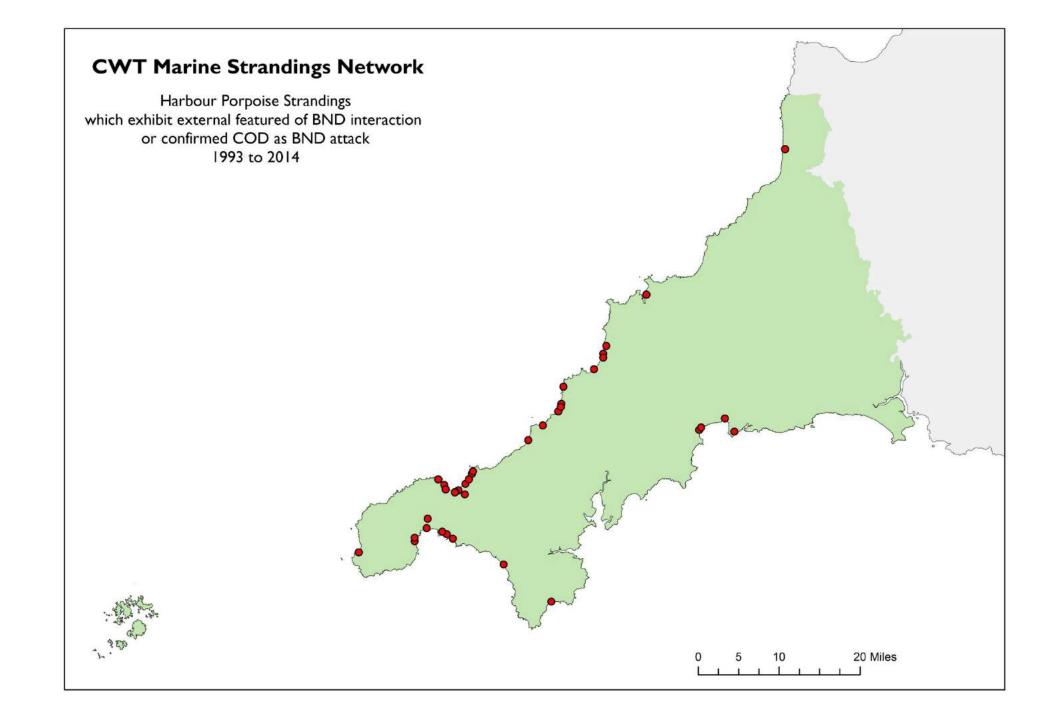




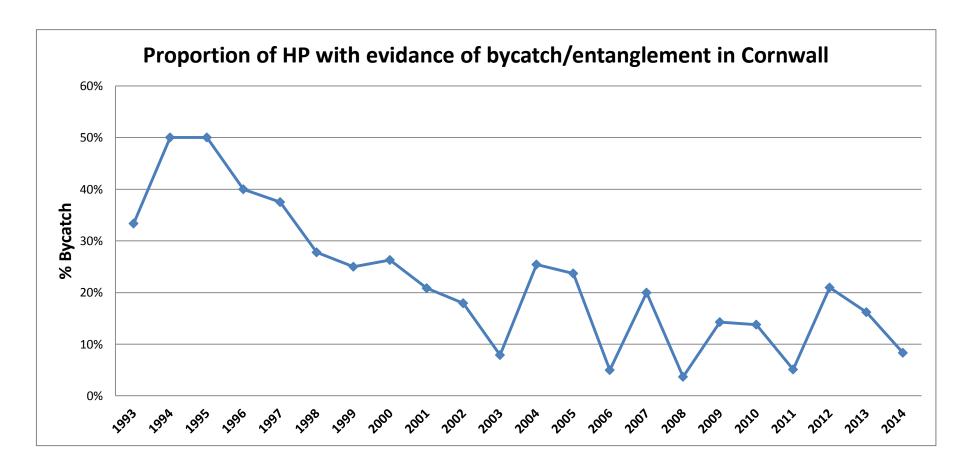
CWT Marine Strandings Network



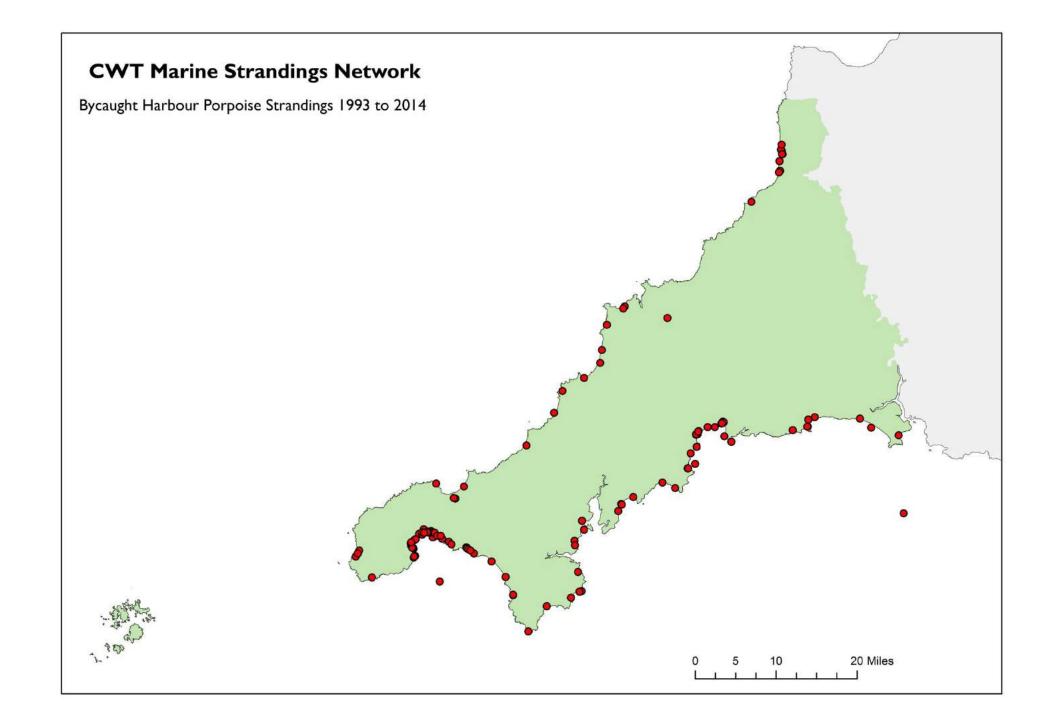
The proportion of harbour porpoise dead strandings reported to MSN since it's founding in 1993, which exhibit external evidence of Bottlenose Dolphin interaction, or COD was confirmed as a Bottlenose Dolphin attack.



CWT Marine Strandings Network



The proportion of harbour porpoise dead strandings reported to MSN since it's founding in 1993, which exhibit external evidence of bycatch/entanglement, or COD was confirmed as a bycatch.



Breeding ecology

When

Where

Behaviour

Dave Jenkins, North Devon



References

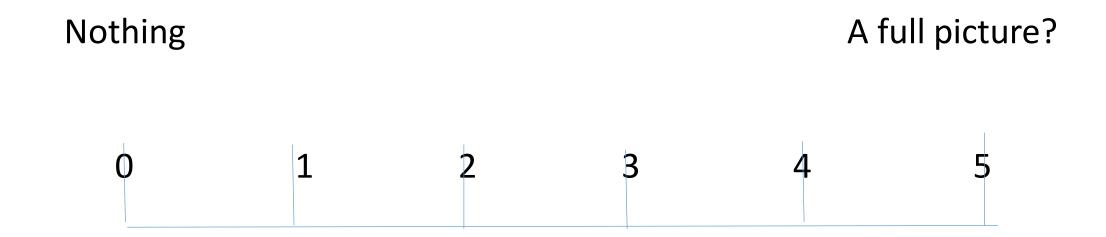
- 1. Evans PGH and Prior JS (2012) Protecting the Harbour Porpoise in UK seas. WWF UK
- http://assets.wwf.org.uk/downloads/protecting_the_harbour_porpoise_in_uk_seas_aug20 12.pdf
- 2. de Boer M and Saulino J (2009) Southwest England Cetacean Survey
- 3. Hammond P (2006) Small Cetaceans in the European Atlantic and North Sea (SCANS
- II) http://biology.st-andrews.ac.uk/scans2/documents/final/SCANS-II_final_report.pdf
- 4. NOAA/NEFSC (2010) HARBOR PORPOISE (Phocoena phocoena phocoena): Gulf of Maine/Bay of Fundy Stock.
- http://www.nefsc.noaa.gov/publications/tm/tm219/165_HAPO.pdf

End

Courtship and social interaction



What do we know? – What don't we know?



The lower the score the bigger the research potential

The lower the score for important headings The bigger the challenge